Evaluation of Flood and Drip Irrigation for Rice Production on St Croix, USVI



By





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Paddy Rice



Upland Rice



Materials and Methods

Varieties: Cybonet, Bengal, Neptune, Taipei

Plots of 4 rows/variety 10" between rows

Planted November 20th

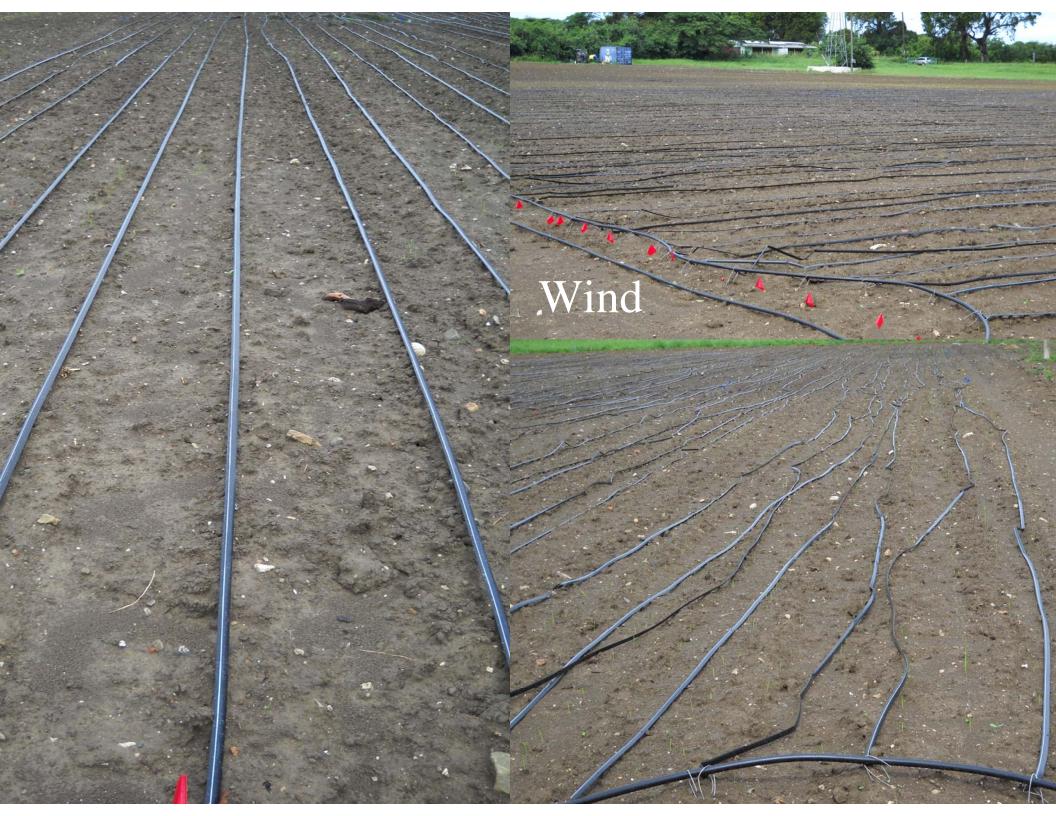
Fertilizer

Dec 24 275 lb 20-20-20

Jan 11 125 lb (NH₄)₂SO₄

Jan 24 75 lb Urea





Irrigation Drip Tape emitters 1 ft spacing Drip lines 20" apart

Injector used to apply fertilizer

Jan 14 Levee installed to create paddy for flooding





Jan 29



Feb 25 Cybonet Anthesis













April 8

Harvest 20 ft Center 2 row





Thresh, Clean and Dry Seeds to 12%

Man

Table 1. Yield from three varieties of ricegrown with either drip or flood irrigation onSt Croix, USVI

Variety	Height (Inches)	Pounds/Acre*	
		Drip	Flood
'Cybonet'	15.3	2,565 a	2,015 b
'Bengal'	20.4	3,535 a	3,720 a
'Neptune'	21.7	3,240 a	2,930 b

*Differences between treatments LSD P=0.05

Table 2. Water usage under drip or floodirrigation of rice grown on St Croix, USVI

TreatmentGallons of WaterDrip1,100,000/acreFlood1,500,000/acre

Conclusion

Drip irrigation can supply water for paddy rice Drip irrigation uses less water than flooding Drip lines can be a problem until plants are established Drip lines increase cost of production

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Questions?

